

Sage Master Builder

Year-End Close Checklists

Calendar-year, Fiscal-year, Combined



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Introduction

About closing the books

Closing the payroll and/or general ledger accounting is almost always a hectic time. When planning to close, it's best to schedule enough time for learning about or refreshing your knowledge about the closing process before actually going through the entire closing process.

We recommend that you run an audit and close your books monthly. This helps to keep your ledgers current, accurate, and ready for year-end close. Before you begin the year-end procedures, we recommend you run an audit several days before the scheduled year-end closing. This should provide ample time to resolve any errors that could exist and still meet your scheduled closing date. After resolving the audit errors but before closing the books, make at least two backups of your data. These backups are your permanent records.

The time it will take you to close your books depends on many factors, most importantly the size of your company and the state of your accounting. If the following conditions are true:

- you have already prepared backups,
- you have been keeping up with accounting period audits,
- you only have repairable period audit errors,
- and you do not have very many employees,

then you may be able to close your books in a few hours to half a day. Obviously, closing the books for larger companies with many employees or companies with audit errors may take longer.

How do fiscal years and calendar years differ?

The time it takes for closing the books varies depending on how your general ledger year (fiscal) and payroll year (calendar) are set up. There are two distinct possibilities.

If your payroll and general ledger are set up to close on 12/31, then you can close your general ledger and your payroll together. This is referred to as a combined fiscal year-end close and calendar-year close.

If your fiscal year ends on any other date than 12/31, for example on 9/30, then you close your general ledger accounting on 09/30, and then close your payroll at the calendar year-end (12/31).

IMPORTANT: Closing general ledger accounting does not close payroll accounting. Closing the general ledger accounting is done in **1-6 Change Period/Close Year**, and closing the payroll is done in **5-3-8 Close Payroll Year**.

Companies with fiscal years that do not coincide with the calendar year need to create multiple sets of backups and archives. A company accounting archive, created at the fiscal year-end, would contain the complete accounting data as well as all payroll records up to this point in time. A company payroll archive, created at the calendar year-end, would contain the complete payroll data as well as all accounting data entered up to this point in time. To create a report based on the previous year's data, you select the appropriate archive.

When the fiscal and calendar years are concurrent, you can create one set of year-end backups and a single archive. To be able to create a single archive, the accounting and payroll must be prepared to close at the same time.

Calendar year-end companies close their ledger transactions through the end of December (12/31). Most companies create their archive directory during the general ledger closing process. Then, before adding any transactions, those companies close payroll without creating an archive directory. This ensures that the company has one archive directory for both general ledger and payroll. W-2s and 1099s are printed from this archive directory.

Fiscal year-end companies generally do not close their general ledger at the end of the calendar year, but many of them do close payroll records and send out IRS 1099 forms at this time. These users should first confirm their 1099 balances and then create the archive directory while closing their payroll. Their W-2s and 1099s can be printed from the payroll archive directory. Fiscal year-end companies will not close their general ledger until the end of their fiscal year. At that time, they will create an archive directory for their general ledger information.

IMPORTANT: If you enter transactions in between closing the accounting and payroll, you must create separate sets of year-end backups and archives for both the accounting and the payroll. Only you can determine how many sets of year-end backups and archives are necessary.

Three checklists for closing

There are three possible ways to close the books. Sage Master Builder provides checklists for each closing method:

- Close the payroll at calendar year-end (closes on 12/31)
- Close the general ledger accounting at fiscal year-end (closes as required by your fiscal year-end)
- Close the fiscal year and the calendar year at the same time (both close on 12/31)

What is a company archive?

Over the course of a year, the accounting and payroll databases grow as you enter records. Like a manual accounting system where you might move the previous year's records to storage boxes or a storage facility, you can move Sage Master Builder records to an archive file.

When you close your books, it is important that you create a mirror image of your data for tax reporting purposes. This is referred to as your company archive or archive directory. It is a duplicate copy of your existing company data up to the point when you create it.

IMPORTANT: Sage Master Builder can create a company archive automatically. We strongly recommend that you always select the option **Create Archive Directory** when closing the books.

The company archive resides on the same drive as the active company. With an archive of the previous accounting year on the same drive as the active company, you can simultaneously post to period 0 in the active company and period 12 in the company archive.

When closing and I don't have enough hard disk drive space to create an archive company, what can I do?

To create an archive when closing, you must have enough space on your hard disk drive for the archive to reside on the same drive as the active company. If you do not have the necessary space on that hard disk drive but need to close, you can manually copy the data to another hard disk drive, CD, or DVD. Then you can close the books without creating an archive company.

When do I create the company archive?

You can only make a company archive during the process of closing the books at the year-end. When you archive records for a company, Sage Master Builder copies all the data from the active company to a separate file. Sage Master Builder then removes the records you have selected from the active company to prepare it for the new fiscal or payroll year.

Where in the program do I create a company archive?

Company archives can be created from two menu options: **1-6 Change Period/Close Year** or **5-3-8 Close Payroll Year**. Deciding which of the options you should use to create your archive directory depends on whether you base your company's tax reporting schedule on the calendar year or fiscal year.

You do not need to have every transaction entered in Sage Master Builder in order to close the year successfully. All cash transactions (checks and deposits) and payroll transactions should be completed and posted prior to closing your year-end accounting books. Sage Master Builder, however, is designed to handle income or expenses (AR invoices and AP invoices) that you receive after you close your accounting year, so that you only have to enter these transactions once.

What about data backup?

To prevent loss of data, we highly recommend that you make two backups of the company data before creating the company archive and closing the books. Remember that the backups are your permanent records, and therefore we recommend that you always store one copy offsite for added security. After creating the company archive, review it to make

certain that all records were copied correctly. If you find that the archive is incomplete, restore a backup, close the year, and create a new archive.

How does the program handle audit errors?

When you close a period or fiscal year, Sage Master Builder audits the books to verify that valid, balanced transactions support each account balance. If the books are out of balance, you are prompted to print the audit report. The audit report provides information you can use to resolve the errors.

Some audit errors refer specifically to periods. If period audit errors exist, you can notice them on the audit report. For example, a period audit error will contain the word “Period” in the row. You can resolve most period audit errors by recalculating the ledger balances. To recalculate the ledger balances, open **1-6 Change Period/Close Year > Recalculate Balances**, then **Recalculate Balances** again.

Any remaining audit errors cannot be repaired by recalculating the ledger balances. Resolving remaining audit errors after a repair requires assistance from Customer Support. You can contact them at 800-866-8049. Be prepared to provide your company name, telephone number, and the company contact person. At that time, a Customer Support engineer may request additional reports to help determine the cause of the error.

What about entering transactions?

Until you close at the fiscal year-end, you cannot enter any transactions for the new fiscal year. It is important that your current year accounting is as complete as possible before closing, but do not delay your closing for a few adjustments. Unnecessary delays can place you behind in beginning your accounting work in the new fiscal year.

Closing the books for the fiscal year provides you with the opportunity to remove old job files. When closing the fiscal year, you can elect to remove job records assigned status **6-Closed** or **2-Refused**. Unless the jobs are fully invoiced and completely paid, Sage Master Builder does not remove them.

After creating the archive Sage Master Builder closes the books, removing all ledger transactions and rolling over the ending balances for jobs, vendors, service clients, and equipment into the beginning balances for the new fiscal year. For ledger accounts, Sage Master Builder rolls over the ending balances for permanent accounts (also known as Balance Sheet accounts) to become the beginning balances for the new fiscal year. All period balances roll over becoming balances in the **Last Year** column. Income and expense balances roll into the **Retained Earnings** account beginning balance. Income and expense accounts are temporary accounts and start the year with zero balances.

The archive contains all the company data you have entered up to the point when you create the archive. With an archive on the hard disk, you can post adjustments to the beginning balances in the active company and to the ending balances in the archive. You can also run all preliminary and final financial reports from the archive.

IMPORTANT: The **Owner's Draw** account is the only temporary account whose balance Sage Master Builder does not reset to zero. To clear the **Owner's Draw** account, post an adjusting journal entry to period 0 in the new fiscal year, debiting the **Owner's Equity** account and crediting the **Owner's Draw** account.

Need training?

For more in-depth knowledge about this area of the program, sign up for a training class at www.sageu.com/masterbuilder.

What happens when you click Close Fiscal Year?

During the close at the fiscal year-end, Sage Master Builder audits the accounting to verify that valid, balanced transactions support the account balances. If no errors are present, Sage Master Builder then removes transactions for the closing year and prepares the balances for the new fiscal year. It then copies the data in the active company to an archive directory on the same hard drive.

The archive contains all the company data you have entered up to the point when you create the archive. With an archive on your hard disk drive (or hard disk drive on a server), you can post adjustments to the beginning balances in the active company and to the ending balances in the archive. You can also run all preliminary and final financial reports from the archive.

After creating the archive, Sage Master Builder closes the books, which removes all ledger transactions and rolls forward the ending balances for jobs, vendors, service clients, and equipment into the beginning balances for the new fiscal year.

For ledger accounts, Sage Master Builder rolls over the ending balances for permanent accounts to become the beginning balances for the new fiscal year. All period balances roll over becoming balances in the **Last Year** column. Income and expense balances roll into the **Retained Earnings** account beginning balance. Income and expense accounts are temporary accounts and start the year with zero balances.

Closing the accounting at the fiscal year-end provides you with the opportunity to remove old job files. You can elect to remove job records assigned status **6-Closed** or **2-Refused**. Unless the jobs are fully invoiced and completely paid, Sage Master Builder does not remove them.

NOTE: Consider leaving jobs at status **5-Complete** for an additional year. The jobs will not be removed. If you get more work on the same job, you can set the status to **3-Contract** without having to set up the job again.

It is important to understand the entire scope of closing at fiscal year-end. When planning to close the fiscal year, be sure to schedule enough time for learning about or refreshing your knowledge about the closing process and actually going through the entire closing process.

The time it will take you to close your books depends on many factors, including the size of your company and the state of your accounting. Small companies may be able to close the books in a few hours to half a day. Obviously, larger companies with many employees and companies with audit errors may spend a day or two closing the books.

This checklist section provides information about the following:

[Preparation](#)

[Payroll Close](#)

[Verification Tasks](#)

[New Accounting Year Preparation and After-Closing Tasks](#)

Calendar year-end close checklist - Payroll and 1099s

Introduction

IMPORTANT: Only use this checklist when fiscal year-end is not 12/31. You close the fiscal year at the appropriate time, and you close the payroll at the end of the payroll year (12/31).

CAUTION:

- You must follow this process in the order it is listed. Not following the process in order can result in an improper close or a damaged archive file, in addition to incorrect balances on 1099s, 941s, and W-2s.
- If payroll is closed in the wrong company, there could inadvertently be two years of payroll records in the same company instead of just one year.

IMPORTANT:

- Please allow time to proceed through this checklist in its entirety for each company. The length of time it takes to complete each company will vary.
- If you have multiple companies, perform these steps from start to finish for each company separately.

IMPORTANT:

- If you do not process Payroll in Sage Master Builder, you must still close payroll to create a 1099 archive file used for reviewing 1099s.
- Payroll must be closed before new year payroll or vendor payments are processed. If new payroll is entered or vendor payments are made, year-end reports will show incorrect data.
- When closing the payroll calendar year separately from your fiscal year, you must create a separate archive file for Payroll and 1099 information.
- If you enter transactions in between closing the accounting and payroll, you must create separate sets of year-end backups and archives for both the accounting and the payroll. Only you can determine how many sets of year-end backups and archives are necessary.

Preparation

IMPORTANT:

- The following instructions assume that these steps are performed at the Sage Master Builder data location. Sage Master Builder strongly recommends this method because it avoids network irregularities that can disrupt the closing process.
- You must have exclusive access to your company file to perform these steps.
 - Back up and validate your company file by following your regular back up and verification procedures.
- ❑ Open **7-4 Rebuild Indexes**, select **Options > Rebuild All Tables**, and then click **Start**.
- ❑ Open **1-6 Audit/Close Books**, click **Repair**.

IMPORTANT: If there are audit errors, resolve them before continuing.

- Open **5-3-7 Payroll Audit**, click **Repair**.

IMPORTANT: If there are audit errors, resolve them before continuing.

NOTE: If payroll is outsourced, it is okay to close with payroll audit errors.

- Reconcile quarterlies. For more information, see the Help topic, "Reconciling quarterlies."

- Open **5-2-1 Employees**, and review employee statuses.

If you want to remove employees, they must have a status of **Quit, Laid Off, Terminated, or Deceased**. Look in your archive company file for information regarding employees who have been removed.

- Open **5-2-2 Payroll Records**, and select **File > Count**, and write down the number of files.

The number of files will be used for verification purposes after the books have been closed.

- Print the **5-1-2-41 Payroll Check Register ~Totals Page** report.

This report will be used for verification purposes after the books have been closed.

- Verify **Vendor Tax ID** and **Vendor 1099 Types** by printing the **4-5-31 Vendor 1099** report.

IMPORTANT: Be sure to verify that the tax ID for each vendor is correct. For more information, see the Help topic, "About 1099 types."

- Verify 1099 balances using the **4-1-5-21 Vendor Payment** report by date.

Payroll Close

- Back up and verify two copies of your Sage Master Builder data. Put one copy in a safe storage area. Make at least one of your backups on a separate removable storage device.

NOTE: You can use this back up to verify data integrity if you have to close again.

- Open **5-3-8 Close Payroll Year**, and select employee removal options.

NOTE: There are different ways to name your archive company file. We suggest it include the following information:

- The year of the archive file.
- The type of archive file you are making.
- The name of the company.
For example: 2008 GL Sample Company or 2008 PR Sample Company.

- Verify that you have selected the **Create Archive Directory** check box.

- Type an Archive company name, and click **Close Payroll**.

NOTE: Note: During close, the program removes all **5-2-2 Payroll Records** and resets all employee year-to-date totals.

- Open **7-4 Rebuild Indexes**, select **Options > Rebuild All Tables**, and then click **Start**.

NOTE: The program is now in the new payroll year.

Verification Tasks

- In the current file, open **5-2-2 Payroll Records**, select **File > Count**, and verify that you find zero (0) records.
- In the archive company, open **5-2-2 Payroll Records**, select **File > Count**, and compare this record count to the record count done in the preparation above.
- In the archive company, print the **5-1-2-41 Payroll Check Register~Totals Page** report and compare it to the one printed during preparation.

NOTE:

- If the verification of the record count and **Payroll Check Register** report reveal that there was a problem during close, restore the most recent backup made before closing payroll and re-close by starting with the Payroll Close steps.
- If a backup needs to be restored, and the file re-closed, delete the archive file that was created and the current company file as they are not valid or correct files.
- Exit Sage Master Builder.
- Back up and validate your current and archive company files.

New Accounting Year Preparation and After-Closing Tasks

- Referring to the information in the software notice, install the year-end tax update located at the Sage Master Builder Web site.
- Open your current company; and when prompted, on **7-4 Rebuild Indexes**, click **Start** to re-index your company database.
- Update any state or local payroll calculations, as needed, in **5-3-1 Payroll Calculations**. For example, you can delete calculations that will no longer be used or update rates if required.

NOTE:

- To update calculations with a tax type of employee Social Security, employer Social Security, and Medicare, see the Help topic, "Updating the FICA and Medicare rates Default rate and Default Max."
- Other calculations that have maximum changes, such as state disability, unemployment, and others, can be updated with the same steps.

- ❑ Adjust the **Default Max** to the correct maximums for the selected **Max Type**. Save the calculations, recall the calculations, and then select **Options > Update Employees > Update Maximum Only**.

CAUTION: Updating employee calculations using **5-3-1 Payroll Calculations > Options > Update Employees > Update Default Rate and Maximum** for calculations that involve different rates per employee can cause values to be reset to zero (0). To avoid this problem when updating the Default Max, select **Options > Update Employees > Update Maximum Only** instead of the option to update Default Rate and Maximum.

NOTE: Maximums for the new year can be found at <http://www.irs.gov/>

- ❑ Open **4-4 Vendors (Accounts Payable)**, and then click **Options > Reset 1099 Balances** in the current company. Do not reset 1099 balances in the company archive.
- ❑ If required, change security in the archive company by changing the rights of all user groups in **7-3-1 Security Groups** to **No** for **Save, Delete, Void, Change Period, and Print Checks**. This prevents users from accidentally saving or printing records in the archive. For additional security, in **7-3-2 User List**, change the password for the Supervisor.
- ❑ Print reports from the archive:
 - W-2
 - 1099
 - 941

For more information, refer to the following Help topics:

- Reconciling quarterlies
- About deleting employee records
- Finding and resolving unprinted checks when closing the books
- Confirming jobs for removal

This checklist section provides information about the following:

[Preparation](#)

[General Ledger Close](#)

[Verification Tasks](#)

[New Accounting Year Preparation and After-closing Tasks](#)

Fiscal year-end close checklist

Introduction

CAUTION: You must follow this process in the order items are listed. Not following the process in order can result in an improper close or a damaged archive file.

IMPORTANT:

- You must use this checklist when the fiscal year-end is **not** 12/31.
- Only use this list when closing your books at fiscal year-end.
- Please allow time to proceed through this checklist in its entirety for each company. The length of time it takes to complete each company will vary.
- If you have multiple company files that need to be closed, perform these steps from start to finish in each company separately before beginning the next one.
- After closing your company at fiscal year-end, Sage Master Builder creates a new company file for the next fiscal year automatically. Do not create a new company manually.
- Complete the **1-5 Bank Reconciliation** for **Period 12** in your current company after you close your books at fiscal year-end.
- If you have not finished posting items to the current year but you are closing and need to make entries in the new year, you must close the fiscal year first. You can enter prior-year items in the current year by posting to **Period-00** and selecting **Yes** to the message about posting to the archive.
- If you enter transactions in between closing the accounting and payroll, you must create separate sets of year-end backups and archives for both the accounting and the payroll. Only you can determine how many sets of year-end backups and archives are necessary.

NOTE:

- Prior-year adjustments posted to income and expense accounts update (1) the income and expense accounts in the archive to period 12, and (2) the **Retained Earnings** account in the current year to period zero.
- During this closing process, you can create an archive file for your fiscal year-end.

Preparation

IMPORTANT:

- You must complete the preparation steps immediately prior to closing the general ledger.
- The following instructions assume that these steps are performed at the Sage Master Builder data location. Sage Master Builder strongly recommends this method because it avoids network irregularities that can disrupt the closing process.
- You must have exclusive access to your company file to perform these steps.
- In **1-6 Change Period/Close Year > Change Period**, the posting period must be set to **Period 12**.

- Back up and validate your company file by following your regular backup and verification procedures.
- Open **7-4 Rebuild Indexes**, select **Options > Rebuild All Tables**, and then click **Start**.

TIP: Closing general ledger in versions 14.3 or later

If you have installed Version 14.3 before closing the general ledger, the prior-year file is not overwritten during the closing process as it was in previous versions. Sage Master Builder now collects all outstanding checks, deposits, and adjustments for the current year and appends them to the existing prior-year file. During the bank reconciliation process, the program uses this file to track any outstanding items from previous years. All items from previous years appear in the bank reconciliation with a **P** in front of the record number.

- If you use inventory, open **12-5 Inventory Audit**, and click **Audit**.

IMPORTANT: If there are audit errors, resolve them before continuing.

- Verify that there are no unprinted checks. See the Help topic, “Finding and resolving unprinted checks when closing the books.”
- Open **1-6 Change Period/Close Year > Recalculate Balances**, and then click the **Recalculate Balances** button.

IMPORTANT: If there are audit errors, resolve them before continuing.

- Open **5-3-7 Payroll Audit**, click **Repair**.

IMPORTANT: If there are audit errors, resolve them before continuing.

- Verify that the status on each job in **3-5 Jobs (Accounts Receivable)** is correct. Any job that should be removed at year-end must have a status of **6-Closed** or **2-Refused**. See the Help topic, “Verifying job removal.”

NOTE: If you need to change several jobs' statuses to **6-Closed**, you can use a Picklist window to close multiple jobs at once. To access this command, open **3-5 Jobs (Accounts Receivable)** and select **Update > Closed Status**.

- Open **1-6 Change Period/Close Year > Close Books for Fiscal year**, and from the **Options** menu, select **Verify Job Removal**.

NOTE: This verifies that jobs with a status of **2-Refused** or **6-Closed** meet the removal requirements. If specific jobs do not meet the removal requirements, the program creates a log file. The log file is located at `C:\MB7\Tempfile` and is labeled `RemoveJobs_date.log`.

- If there are any jobs that are not ready for removal, resolve the items listed on the `RemoveJobs_date.log` file.
- Re-run the **Verify Job Removal** from **1-6 Change Period/Close Year > Close Books for Fiscal Year > Options** and review the `RemoveJobs_date.log` file to verify that the items have been addressed.
- Open **1-6 Change Period/Close Year > Recalculate Balances**, and then click the **Recalculate Balances** button.

IMPORTANT: If there are audit errors, resolve them before continuing.

- Print the following reports that will be used for verification purposes after the books have been closed:
 - **2-2-21 Balance Sheet** report for period 12
 - **2-3-21 Income Statement** report for periods 1 through 12
 - **3-1-3-26 AR Invoice Aging** report for period 12
 - **4-1-3-26 AP Invoice Aging** report for period 12
 - **5-1-2-41 Payroll Check Register** report with “totals for status” equal to **3-Posted**
 - **6-1-6-21 Job Cost Totals** report for periods 1 through 12
 - **11-1-3-26 Service Invoice Aging** report for period 12, if you use Service Receivables

- The following record counts will be used for verification purposes after the books have been closed. On the following windows, select **File > Count** and write down the record number counts:
 - **1-3 Journal Transactions**
 - **3-2 Receivable Invoices/Credits**
 - **4-2 Payable Invoices/Credits**
 - **5-2-2 Payroll Records**
 - **6-3 Job Costs**
 - **11-2 Work Orders/Invoices/Credits**, if you use **Service Receivables**

General Ledger Close

- Back up and verify two copies of your Sage Master Builder data. Put one copy in a safe storage area. Save at least one of your backups to a separate removable storage device.

NOTE: A backup created at this point in the process reveals whether or not the program has discovered data problems during the year-end close. You can use this backup to verify data integrity if you have to close again.

- Open **1-6 Change Period/Close Year > Close Books for Fiscal year**; and under **Fiscal Year End Options**, type a name for your archive directory.

NOTE: There are different ways to name your archive company file. We suggest it include the following information:

- The year of the archive file
- The type of archive file you are making
- The name of the company.
For example, you could name it “2008 GL Sample Company” or “2008 PR Sample Company.”

- Select closing options:
 - To include a copy of the image files in the archive company, select **Include Image files** check box.
Locations where image files are assigned include **3-5 Jobs (Accounts Receivable)**, **5-2-1 Employees**, **8-3 Equipment**, **9-2 Parts**, **9-3 Assemblies**, and **11-2 Work Orders/Invoices/Credits**.
 - To remove all job-related records with a paid or void status, select **Remove ‘Closed’ and ‘Refused’ jobs (and related records)**.
These job-related records include job costs, document history, schedules, takeoffs, progress billing, time and materials setup, purchase orders, subcontracts, change orders, budgets, proposals, accounts payable, and receivable invoices.

- Click **Close Fiscal Year**.

IMPORTANT: Do not interrupt the closing process. This process may take some time. The length of time it takes to complete will vary for each company.

NOTE:

- What actions does Sage Master Builder take when you click the **Close Fiscal Year** button at fiscal year-end? See the Help topic, “What happens when you click **Close Fiscal Year**?”
 - You are now in the current fiscal year in your company file.
- Open **7-4 Rebuild Indexes**, select **Options > Rebuild All Tables**, and then click **Start**.

Verification Tasks

- Open **1-3 Journal Transactions**, select **File > Count**, and verify that you find zero (0) records.
- Open **3-5 Jobs (Accounts Receivable)**, and verify that the jobs you selected to be removed have been removed.
- Open your archive, and verify that the reports and record counts match your counts from before closing.

IMPORTANT:

- If the verification of the record count and job removal reveals that there was a problem during close, restore the most recent backup made before closing the general ledger and re-close by starting with the General Ledger Close steps.
 - If a backup needs to be restored, and the file re-closed, delete the archive file that was created and the current company file as they are not valid or correct files
- Print **Fiscal Year End** reports that need to be printed for the prior year from the archive file.
 - If required, change security in the archive company by changing the rights of all user groups in **7-3-1 Security Groups** to **No** for **Save**, **Delete**, **Void**, **Change Period**, and

Print Checks. This prevents users from accidentally saving or printing records in the archive.

By setting **Groups** to **No**, reports can still be printed, but checks cannot be printed. Then each user will have access to everything they had access to before closing. They will be able to print reports but only view checks.

For additional security, in the **7-3-2 User List**, change the password for the Supervisor.

- Exit Sage Master Builder.
- Back up and verify the current company and the archive files.

New Accounting Year Preparation and After-closing Tasks

- At this time, you can make changes to the existing general ledger accounts.
- You can make entries for the new fiscal year.
- You can make prior-year adjustments by posting transactions to period **00 - Prior Year** and selecting **Yes** to the message about posting to the archive.

NOTE:

- Transactions posted to period **00 - Prior Year** update the ending balance in your archive company and the beginning balance in your current company.
- Prior-year adjustments posted to income and expense accounts update the income and expense accounts in the archive and update the retained earnings account in the current year.
- The **Owner's Draw** account is the only temporary account whose balance Sage Master Builder does not reset to zero. To clear the **Owner's Draw** account, post an adjusting journal entry to period 0 in the new fiscal year, debiting the **Owner's Equity** account and crediting the **Owner's Draw** account.

For more information, refer to the following Help topics:

- "Finding and resolving unprinted checks when closing the books"
- "Verifying job removal"
- "What happens when you click Close Fiscal year?"

This checklist section provides information about the following:

[Preparation](#)

[General Ledger Close](#)

[Payroll Close](#)

[Verification Tasks](#)

[New Accounting Year Preparation and After-closing Tasks](#)

Combined fiscal year-end and calendar year-end close checklist

Introduction

CAUTION: You must follow this process in the order items are listed. Not following the process in order can result in an improper close or a damaged archive file.

IMPORTANT:

- This checklist should only be used when the fiscal year-end is 12/31.
- Using this checklist will close payroll and the general ledger accounting at the same time. Sage Master Builder creates only one archive containing both payroll and general ledger data.
- Please allow time to proceed through this checklist in its entirety for each company. The length of time it takes to complete each company will vary.
- If you have multiple company files that need to be closed, perform these steps from start-to-finish in each company separately before beginning the next one.
- After closing your company at fiscal year-end, Sage Master Builder creates a new company file for the next fiscal year automatically. Do not create a new company manually.
- Complete the **1-5 Bank Reconciliation** for **Period 12** in your current company after you close your books at fiscal year-end.
- If you do not process payroll within Sage Master Builder, you must close the general ledger, but you do not need to close payroll.
- If you have not finished posting items to the current year but need to make entries in the new year, you must close the fiscal year first. You can enter prior-year items in the current year by posting to **Period-00** and selecting **Yes** to the message about posting to the archive.

Preparation

IMPORTANT:

- The following instructions assume that these steps are performed at the Sage Master Builder data location. Sage Master Builder strongly recommends this method because it avoids network irregularities that can disrupt the closing process.
- You must have exclusive access to your company file to perform these steps.
- In **1-6 Change Period/Close Year > Change Period**, the posting period must be set to **Period 12**.
- Back up and validate your company file by following your regular backup and verification procedures.

- ❑ Open **7-4 Rebuild Indexes**, select **Options > Rebuild All Tables**, and then click **Start**.

TIP: Closing general ledger in versions 14.3 or later

If you have installed Version 14.3 before closing the general ledger, the prior-year file is not overwritten during the closing process as it was in previous versions. Sage Master Builder now collects all outstanding checks, deposits, and adjustments for the current year and appends them to the existing prior-year file. During the bank reconciliation process, the program uses this file to track any outstanding items from previous years. All items from previous years appear in the bank reconciliation with a **P** in front of the record number.

- ❑ If you use inventory, open **12-5 Inventory Audit**, click **Audit**.

IMPORTANT: If there are audit errors, resolve them before continuing.

- ❑ Verify that there are no unprinted checks. For more information, see the Help topic, “Finding and resolving unprinted checks when closing the books.”

- ❑ Open **1-6 Change Period/Close Year > Recalculate Balances**, and then click the **Recalculate Balances** button.

IMPORTANT: If there are audit errors, resolve them before continuing.

- ❑ Verify that the status on each job in **3-5 Job (Accounts Receivable)** is correct. Any job that should be removed at year-end must have a status of **6-Closed** or **2-Refused**. For more information, see the Help topic, “Verifying job removal.”

NOTE: If you need to change several jobs' statuses to **6-Closed**, you can use a Picklist window to close multiple jobs at once. To access this command, open **3-5 Jobs (Accounts Receivable)** and select **Update > Closed Status**. For more information, see the Help topic, “Selecting groups of items in Picklist windows.”

- ❑ Open **1-6 Change Period/Close Year > Close Books for Fiscal year**, and from the **Options** menu, select **Verify Job Removal**.

NOTE: This verifies that jobs with a status of **2-Refused** or **6-Closed** meet the removal requirements. If specific jobs do not meet the removal requirements, the program creates a log file. The log file is located at `C:\MB7\Tempfile` and is labeled `RemoveJobs_date.log`.

- ❑ If there are any jobs that are not ready for removal, resolve the items listed on the `RemoveJobs_date.log` file.
- ❑ Re-run the **Verify Job Removal** from **1-6 Change Period/Close Year > Close Books for Fiscal Year > Options** and review the `RemoveJobs_date.log` file to verify any items have been addressed.
- ❑ Open **1-6 Change Period/Close Year > Recalculate Balances**, and then click the **Recalculate Balances** button.

IMPORTANT: If there are audit errors, resolve them before continuing.

- ❑ Open **5-3-7 Payroll Audit**, and click **Repair**.

IMPORTANT: If there are audit errors, resolve them before continuing.

NOTE: If payroll is outsourced, it is okay to close with payroll audit errors.

- ❑ Reconcile quarterlies. For more information, see the Help topic, “Reconciling quarterlies.”
- ❑ Review employee statuses in **5-2-1 Employees**, and remove employees as needed. For more information, see the Help topic, “About deleting employee records.”

If you want to remove employees, they must have a status of **Quit, Laid Off, Terminated**, or **Deceased**. Look in your archive company file for information regarding employees who have been removed.

- ❑ Open **1-6 Change Period/Close Year > Recalculate Balances**, and then click the **Recalculate Balances** button.

IMPORTANT: If there are audit errors, resolve them before continuing.

- ❑ Verify **Vendor Tax ID** and **Vendor 1099 Types** by printing the **4-5-31 Vendor 1099** report.

IMPORTANT: Be sure to verify that the tax ID for each vendor is correct. For more information, see the Help topic, “About 1099 types.”

- ❑ Verify 1099 balances using the **4-1-5-21 Vendor Payment** report by date.
- ❑ Print the following reports that will be used for verification purposes after the books have been closed:
 - **2-2-21 Balance Sheet** report for period 12
 - **2-3-21 Income Statement** report for periods 1 through 12
 - **3-1-3-26 AR Invoice Aging** report for period 12
 - **4-1-3-26 AP Invoice Aging** report for period 12
 - **5-1-2-41 Payroll Check Register** report with totals for status equal to **3-Posted**
 - **6-1-6-21 Job Cost Totals** report for periods 1 through 12
 - **11-1-3-26 Service Invoice Aging** report for period 12, if you use Service Receivables
- ❑ The following record counts will be used for verification purposes after the books have been closed. On the following windows, select **File > Count** and write down the record number counts:
 - **1-3 Journal Transactions**
 - **3-2 Receivable Invoices/Credits**
 - **4-2 Payable Invoices/Credits**
 - **5-2-2 Payroll Records**

- **6-3 Job Costs**
- **11-2 Work Orders/Invoices/Credits**, if you use Service Receivables

General Ledger Close

- Back up and verify two copies of your Sage Master Builder data. Put one copy in a safe storage area. Save at least one of your backups to a separate removable storage device.

NOTE: A backup created at this point in the process reveals whether or not the program has discovered data problems during the year-end close. You can use this backup to verify data integrity if you have to close again.

- Open **1-6 Change Period/Close Year > Close Books for Fiscal Year**; and under **Fiscal Year End Options**, type a name for your archive directory.

NOTE: There are different ways to name your archive company file. We suggest it include the following information:

- The year of the archive file
 - The type of archive file you are making
 - The name of the company
For example, you could name it “2008 GL Sample Company” or “2008 PR Sample Company.”
- Select closing options:
 - To include a copy of the image files in the archive company, select **Include Image files** check box.
Locations where image files are assigned include **3-5 Jobs (Accounts Receivable)**, **5-2-1 Employees**, **8-3 Equipment**, **9-2 Parts**, **9-3 Assemblies**, and **11-2 Work Orders/Invoices/Credits**.
 - To remove all job-related records with a paid or void status, select **Remove ‘Closed’ and ‘Refused’ jobs (and related records)**.
These job-related records include job costs, document history, schedules, takeoffs, progress billing, time and materials setup, purchase orders, subcontracts, change orders, budgets, proposals, accounts payable, and receivable invoices.
 - Click **Close Fiscal Year**.

IMPORTANT: Do not interrupt the closing process. This process may take some time. The length of time it takes to complete will vary for each company.

NOTE:

- What actions does Sage Master Builder take when you click the **Close Fiscal Year** button on **1-6 Change Period/Close Year > Close Books for Fiscal Year**? For more information, see the Help topic, “What happens when you click Close Fiscal Year?”

- You are now in the current fiscal year in your company file. Payroll will be closed from the current fiscal year company file.

IMPORTANT: Do not rebuild indexes for your company database at this time, even if prompted. Rebuilding indexes for the company database will be performed later in the process.

- ❑ Before proceeding to payroll close, verify that you have achieved a valid general ledger close by comparing the record count and reports in the company archive to the number of records your recorded before closing.

Payroll Close

CAUTION: Before you begin to close your payroll, make sure that you are in your current company and not in your archive company.

- ❑ Open **5-3-8 Close Payroll Year**, and select employee removal options.
- ❑ Select **Don't Copy to Archive**, and click **Close Payroll**.

NOTE: During close, the program removes the employee records from **5-2-2 Payroll Records** and resets all employee **Year to Date** totals.

- ❑ Open **7-4 Rebuild Indexes**, and select **Options > Rebuild All Tables > Start**.

NOTE: Note: You are now in the new year for payroll and the general ledger.

Verification Tasks

- ❑ Open **1-3 Journal Transactions**, select **File > Count**, and verify that you find zero (0) records.
- ❑ Open **3-5 Jobs (Accounts Receivable)**, and verify that the jobs you selected to be removed have been removed.
- ❑ In the current file, open **5-2-2 Payroll Records**, select **File > Count** and verify that you find zero (0) records.
- ❑ In the company archive, compare the record count and reports in the company archive to verify a valid close.

IMPORTANT:

- If the verification of the record count and job removal reveal that there was a problem during close, restore the most recent backup made before closing the general ledger and re-close by starting with the General Ledger Close steps.
- If a backup needs to be restored, and the file re-closed, delete the archive file that was created and the current company file as they are not valid or correct files.
- ❑ If required, change security in the archive company by changing the rights of all user groups in **7-3-1 Security Groups** to **No** for **Save, Delete, Void, Change Period, and Print Checks**. This prevents users from accidentally saving or printing records in the

archive.

By setting **Groups** to **No**, reports can still be printed, but checks cannot be printed. Then each user will have access to everything they had access to before closing. They will be able to print reports but only view checks.

For additional security, in **7-3-2 User List**, change the password for the Supervisor.

- Exit Sage Master Builder.
- If you have had to restore and re-close, compare the record count and reports again in the company archive to verify a valid close. Then back up your current company and company archive files.

New Accounting Year Preparation and After-closing Tasks

- Install the year-end tax update located at the Sage Master Builder Web site.
- Open your current company; and when prompted, on **7-4 Rebuild Indexes**, click **Start**.
- Update any state or local payroll calculations, as needed, in **5-3-1 Payroll Calculations**. For example, you can delete calculations that will no longer be used or update rates if required.

NOTE:

- To update calculations with a tax type of employee Social Security, employer Social Security, and Medicare, see the Help topic, “Updating the FICA and Medicare rates Default rate and Default Max.”
- Other calculations that have maximum changes, such as state disability, unemployment, and others can be done with the same steps.
- Adjust the **Default Max** to the correct maximums for the selected **Max Type**. Save the calculations, recall the calculations, and then select **Options > Update Employees > Update Maximum Only**.

CAUTION: Updating employee calculations using **5-3-1 Payroll Calculations > Options > Update Employees > Update Default Rate and Maximum** for calculations that involve different rates per employee can cause values to be reset to zero (0). To avoid this problem when updating the Default Max, select **Options > Update Employees > Update Maximum Only** instead of the option to update Default Rate and Maximum.

NOTE:

- Maximums for the new year can be found by searching on the topic at <http://www.irs.gov/>
- Open **4-4 Vendors (Accounts Payable)**, and then click **Options > Reset 1099 Balances** in the current company. Do not reset 1099 balances in the archive company.

NOTE:

- At this point, you can make changes to existing general ledger accounts.
- You can make entries for the new fiscal year.

- We recommend that you add the year to the name of the archive company using **7-2 Company Information**. This makes it easier to identify reports printed from archive company, and you won't mistake them for reports printed from your working company.
- You can make prior-year adjustments by posting transactions to period **00 - Prior Year** and select **Yes** to respond to the message about posting to the archive.
- Transactions posted to period **00 - Prior Year** update the ending balance in your archive company and the beginning balance in your current company.
- Prior-year adjustments posted to income and expense accounts update (1) the income and expense accounts in the archive to period 12, and (2) the **Retained Earnings** account in the current year in period zero(0).
- The **Owner's Draw** account is the only temporary account whose balance Sage Master Builder does not reset to zero. To clear the **Owner's Draw** account, post an adjusting journal entry to period 0 in the new fiscal year, debiting the **Owner's Equity** account and crediting the **Owner's Draw** account.
- ❑ If required, change security in the archive company by changing the rights of all user groups in **7-3-1 Security Groups** to **No** for **Save, Delete, Void, Change Period, and Print Checks**. This prevents users from accidentally saving or printing records in the archive.

By setting Groups to **No**, reports can still be printed, but checks cannot be printed. Then each user will have access to everything they had access to before closing. They will be able to print reports but only view checks.

For additional security, in **7-3-2 User List**, change the password for the Supervisor.
- ❑ Print required year-end reports from the archive:
 - W-2
 - 1099
 - 941

For more information, refer to the following Help topics:

- "Finding and resolving unprinted checks when closing the books"
- "Verifying job removal"
- "Reconciling quarterlies"
- "About deleting employee records"
- "Finding and resolving unprinted checks when closing the books"
- "What happens when you click Close Fiscal Year?"

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